

List of Bacterial Names with Standing in Nomenclature: a Folder Available on the Internet

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The List of Bacterial Names with Standing in Nomenclature includes, alphabetically and chronologically, the official names of bacteria as published or validated in the International Journal of Systematic Bacteriology. It encompasses 5,569 taxa (as of 31 December 1996) and is available on the Internet (URL: <ftp://ftp.cict.fr/pub/bacterio/>).

There is no official classification of bacteria, but there is an official nomenclature. The new starting date for bacteriological nomenclature is 1 January 1980, when the Approved Lists of Bacterial Names were published in the International Journal of Systematic Bacteriology (11). Despite every care, there were errors in the text of the Approved Lists, and these errors were corrected in the amended edition of the Approved Lists of Bacterial Names (12). Since 1980, on average, 200 new names or new combinations have been validly published every year, and in 1996 alone, more than 335 new names or nomenclatural changes were published. Also, it is sometimes difficult to swiftly find information, despite publication of the *Index of the Bacterial and Yeast Nomenclatural Changes* (7, 8).

The List of Bacterial Names with Standing in Nomenclature includes, alphabetically and chronologically, the official names of bacteria as published or validated in the International Journal of Systematic Bacteriology. This list encompasses 5,569 taxa (as of 31 December 1996). The citations of names are in the correct format according to the *International Code of Nomenclature of Bacteria* (5) (Rule 34a, note 1, is not followed because citations would be too long and because basonyms are given) and may differ from the citations used by the original authors. The appearance of a name on this list simply means that the name has been validly published according to the rules of nomenclature and is therefore valid.

The International Committee on Systematic Bacteriology has adopted a policy that “no names will be added to or removed from the Approved Lists of Bacterial Names” (11). “For this reason the Approved Lists of Bacterial Names will remain an independent publication” (10). However, to facilitate the search for information, the 2,336 names which appear on these lists are also included on the List of Bacterial Names with Standing in Nomenclature. (A total of 2,335 names were included in the body of the Approved Lists of Bacterial Names [11]. However, the family name *Enterobacteriaceae* was inserted in a footnote on page 236, which indicated that the name was sub judice, referring to a proposal by Lapage [4]. In 1981, the Judicial Commission concluded that the family name *Enterobacteriaceae* Rahn 1937 is valid and should have been incorporated in the body of the Approved Lists of Bacterial Names [2]. A total of 2,337 names were included in the amended edition of The Approved Lists of Bacterial Names [12]; however, the name *Eikenella corrodens* appeared twice.)

Effective 28 March 1997, the List of Bacterial Names with Standing in Nomenclature will be available through URL: <ftp://ftp.cict.fr/pub/bacterio/>.

<ftp://ftp.cict.fr/pub/bacterio/>. The folder (3.3 Mo) contains the following four files: “README”: 26 Ko, “bacterAG.rtf”: 1081 Ko, “bacterHR.rtf”: 1140 Ko, and “bacterSZ.rtf”: 757 Ko (the last file includes a “List of *Candidatus*” and a “List of Abbreviations for Some Culture Collections”). Publication on the Internet should allow an update every 3 months.

For every taxon, the nomenclatural type and a complete reference are given.

Example: *Gluconobacter frateurii* Mason and Claus 1989, sp. nov. — Type strain: strain ATCC 49207 = IFO 3264. — Reference: MASON (L.M.) and CLAUS (G.W.): Phenotypic characteristics correlated with deoxyribonucleic acid sequence similarities for three species of *Gluconobacter*: *G. oxydans* (Henneberg 1897) De Ley 1961, *G. frateurii* sp. nov., and *G. asaii* sp. nov. *Int. J. Syst. Bacteriol.*, 1989, **39**, 174–184.

If a name appears only on a validation list, the reference for effective publication is given in brackets.

Example: *Dermabacter* Jones and Collins 1989, gen. nov. — Type species: *Dermabacter hominus* Jones and Collins 1989. — References: VALIDATION LIST N° 28. *Int. J. Syst. Bacteriol.*, 1989, **39**, 93–94. [JONES (D.) and COLLINS (M.D.): Taxonomic studies on some human cutaneous coryneform bacteria: description of *Dermabacter hominus* gen. nov., sp. nov. *FEMS Microbiol. Lett.*, 1988, **51**, 51–56.]

An arrow (→) indicates:

(i) that a taxon is emended (emendavit).

Example: *Acidaminococcus fermentans* Rogosa 1969, species. — Type strain: strain ATCC 25085. — Reference: Approved Lists of Bacterial Names.

→ *Acidaminococcus fermentans* Rogosa 1969 (AL) emend. Cook *et al.* 1994. — Type strain: strain VR4 = ATCC 25085 = DSM 20731. — Reference: COOK (G.M.), RAINEY (F.A.), CHEN (G.), STACKEBRANDT (E.) and RUSSELL (J.B.): Emendation of the description of *Acidaminococcus fermentans*, a trans-aconitate- and citrate-oxidizing bacterium. *Int. J. Syst. Bacteriol.*, 1994, **44**, 576–578.

(ii) that one author (or several authors) proposes the transfer of a taxon to another genus (combinatio nova).

Example: *Actinomadura flava* Gauze *et al.* 1974, species. — Type strain: strain ATCC 29533. — Reference: Approved

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→ *Nocardiopsis flava* (Gauze *et al.* 1974) Gauze and Sveshnikova 1985, comb. nov.

→ *Saccharothrix flava* (Gauze *et al.* 1974) Grund and Kroppenstedt 1990, comb. nov.

(iii) that the rank of a taxon is changed.

Example: *Branhamella* Catlin 1970, *genus*. — Type species: *Branhamella catarrhalis* (Frosch and Kolle 1896) Catlin 1970 (AL). — Reference: Approved Lists of Bacterial Names.

→ *Moraxella* (subgen. *Branhamella*) (Catlin 1970) Bøvre 1984, subgen. nov.

(iv) that a taxon is a junior synonym of another taxon.

Example: *Rhodopseudomonas rutila* Akiba *et al.* 1983, sp. nov. — Type strain: strain R1 = ATCC 33872. — Reference: AKIBA (T.), USAMI (R.) and HORIKOSHI (K.): *Rhodopseudomonas rutila*, a new species of nonsulfur purple photosynthetic bacteria. *Int. J. Syst. Bacteriol.*, 1983, **33**, 551–556.

→ *Rhodopseudomonas palustris* (Molisch 1907) van Niel 1944 (AL). — *Rhodopseudomonas rutila* Akiba *et al.* 1983 is a later subjective synonym of *Rhodopseudomonas palustris* (Molisch 1907) van Niel 1944 (AL). — Reference: HIRAISHI (A.), SANTOS (T.S.), SUGIYAMA (J.) and KOMAGATA (K.): *Rhodopseudomonas rutila* is a later subjective synonym of *Rhodopseudomonas palustris*. *Int. J. Syst. Bacteriol.*, 1992, **42**, 186–188.

(v) that an exception to the rules has been awarded by the Judicial Commission of the International Committee on Systematic Bacteriology ("Requests for an opinion" denied or pending are not included).

Example: *Citrobacter diversus* (Burkey 1928) Werkman and Gillen 1932, *species*. — Type strain: strain ATCC 27156. — Reference: Approved Lists of Bacterial Names. → *Citrobacter diversus* nom. dub., nom. rejic. — Reference: JUDICIAL OPINION 67: Rejection of the name *Citrobacter diversus* Werkman and Gillen 1932. *Int. J. Syst. Bacteriol.*, 1993, **43**, 392. — Opinion requested by Frederiksen: FREDERIKSEN (W.): Correct names of the species *Citrobacter koseri*, *Levinea malonatica*, and *Citrobacter diversus*. Request for an opinion. *Int. J. Syst. Bacteriol.*, 1990, **40**, 107–108.

An equals sign (=) means that two taxa are objective synonyms.

Example: *Erwinia carnegieana* Standring 1942, *species*. — Type strain: strain NCPPB 439. — Reference: Approved Lists of Bacterial Names.

= *Pectobacterium carnegieana* (Standring 1942) Brenner *et al.* 1973 (AL). — Rule 24b (1): *Erwinia carnegieana* Standring 1942 (AL) and *Pectobacterium carnegieana* (Standring 1942) Brenner *et al.* 1973 (AL) have the same type strain and therefore are objective synonyms.

Basonyms are given to clarify the previous names or histories of individual taxa.

Example: *Saccharothrix flava* (Gauze *et al.* 1974) Grund and Kroppenstedt 1990, comb. nov. — Basonyms: *Actinomadura flava* Gauze *et al.* 1974 (AL), *Nocardiopsis flava* (Gauze *et al.* 1974) Gauze and Sveshnikova 1985. — Type strain: strain ATCC 29533 = DSM 43885 = INA 2171. — References: VALIDATION LIST N° 34. *Int. J. Syst. Bac-*

teriol., 1990, **40**, 320–321. [GRUND (E.) and KROPPESTEDT (R.M.): Transfer of five *Nocardiopsis* species to the genus *Saccharothrix* Labeda *et al.* 1984. *Syst. Appl. Microbiol.*, 1989, **12**, 267–274.]

Annotations are made:

(i) to clarify the rules or rationale for some nomenclatural changes.

Example: *Streptomyces luteosporus* Witt and Stackebrandt 1991, nom. nov. — Synonym: *Streptovercillium album* Locci *et al.* 1969 (AL). — Type strain: strain NRRL 2401 = ATCC 33049. — References: VALIDATION LIST N° 38. *Int. J. Syst. Bacteriol.*, 1991, **41**, 456–457. [WITT (D.) and STACKEBRANDT (E.): Unification of the genera *Streptovercillium* and *Streptomyces*, and emendation of *Streptomyces* Waksman and Henrici 1943, 339^{AL}. *Syst. Appl. Microbiol.*, 1990, **13**, 361–371.]

Note: For the transfer of *Streptovercillium album* in the genus *Streptomyces*, it is necessary to substitute a new specific epithet to produce *Streptomyces luteosporus* because there is a senior homonym, *Streptomyces albus* (Rossi Doria 1891) Waksman and Henrici 1943, included on the *Approved Lists of Bacterial Names* (rules 34a and 41a).

(ii) to specify that a taxon is a senior synonym of another taxon.

Example: *Rhodopseudomonas palustris* (Molisch 1907) van Niel 1944, *species*. — Type strain: strain ATCC 17001. — Reference: Approved Lists of Bacterial Names.

Note: *Rhodopseudomonas palustris* (Molisch 1907) van Niel 1944 (AL) is a senior synonym of *Rhodopseudomonas rutila* Akiba *et al.* 1983. — Reference: HIRAISHI (A.), SANTOS (T.S.), SUGIYAMA (J.) and KOMAGATA (K.): *Rhodopseudomonas rutila* is a later subjective synonym of *Rhodopseudomonas palustris*. *Int. J. Syst. Bacteriol.*, 1992, **42**, 186–188.

(iii) to mention that spelling has been corrected (corrigendum).

Example: *Mycobacterium chelonae* corrig. Bergey *et al.* 1923, *species*. — Type strain: strain NCTC 946. — Reference: Approved Lists of Bacterial Names.

Note: The original spelling, *Mycobacterium chelonei* (sic), has been corrected by Hill *et al.* 1984. — Reference: HILL (L.R.), SKERMAN (V.B.D.) and SNEATH (P.H.A.): Corrigenda to the Approved Lists of Bacterial Names edited for the International Committee on Systematic Bacteriology. *Int. J. Syst. Bacteriol.*, 1984, **34**, 508–511.

(iv) to propose a corrected spelling.

Example: *Bacteroides tectum* Love *et al.* 1986, sp. nov. — Type strain: strain 160 = NCTC 11853. — Reference: LOVE (D.N.), JOHNSON (J.L.), JONES (R.F.), BAILEY (M.) and CALVERLEY (A.): *Bacteroides tectum* sp. nov. and characteristics of other nonpigmented *Bacteroides* isolates from soft-tissue infections from cats and dogs. *Int. J. Syst. Bacteriol.*, 1986, **36**, 123–128.

Note: According to rule 61, the original spelling should be changed to *Bacteroides tectus*.

The infrasubspecific subdivisions (biovars, chemovars, pathovars, phagovars, serovars, etc.) are not covered by the rules of the *Bacteriological Code* (5) and are not included. When the name of an infrasubspecific subdivision is cited, to

avoid confusion, it is printed in roman type (not italics), starting with a capital letter (6).

Example: *Xanthomonas vasicola* Vauterin *et al.* 1995, sp. nov. — Type strain: strain *X. vasicola* pv. Holcicola LMG 736 = NCPPB 2417 = ICMP 3103 = CFBP 2543. — Reference: VAUTERIN (L.), HOSTE (B.), KERSTERS (K.) and SWINGS (J.): Reclassification of *Xanthomonas*. *Int. J. Syst. Bacteriol.*, 1995, **45**, 472–489.

Names in quotation marks are not on the Approved Lists of Bacterial Names, have not been validly published since 1 January 1980, and therefore do not have nomenclatural standing.

Example: *Acinetobacter haemolyticus* (ex Stenzel and Mannheim 1963) Bouvet and Grimont 1986, sp. nov., nom. rev., comb. nov. — Basonym: "*Achromobacter haemolyticus*" Stenzel and Mannheim 1963. — Type strain: strain Mannheim 2446/60 = CIP 64.3 = B40 = ATCC 17906. — Reference: BOUVET (P.J.M.) and GRIMONT (P.A.D.): Taxonomy of the genus *Acinetobacter* with the recognition of *Acinetobacter baumannii* sp. nov., *Acinetobacter haemolyticus* sp. nov., *Acinetobacter johnsonii* sp. nov., and *Acinetobacter junii* sp. nov. and emended descriptions of *Acinetobacter calcoaceticus* and *Acinetobacter lwoffii*. *Int. J. Syst. Bacteriol.*, 1986, **36**, 228–240.

The category *Candidatus* is a new nomenclatural concept proposed by Murray and Schleifer (9) to record the properties of putative taxa of procaryotes which would have indefinite rank. This category should be used for describing procaryotic entities for which more than a mere sequence is available but for which characteristics required for description according to the *Bacteriological Code* (5) are lacking. The category *Candidatus*, which is not a rank but a status, is not formally recognized in the *Bacteriological Code* (5). However, the Judicial Commission recommended to the International Committee on Systematic Bacteriology that a *Candidatus* list should be established in the International Journal of Systematic Bacteriology (3). Therefore, a list of *Candidatus* taxa appears in an annex.

Example: "*Candidatus comitans*" Jacobi *et al.* 1996. — Nucleic acid sequence: EMBL X91814. — Reference: JACOB (C.A.), REICHENBACH (H.), TINDALL (B.J.) and STACKEBRANDT (E.): "*Candidatus comitans*," a

bacterium living in coculture with *Chondromyces crocatus* (Myxobacteria). *Int. J. Syst. Bacteriol.*, 1996, **46**, 119–122.

Abbreviations and addresses of some collections from which type strains are available are included at the end of the list.

The omission of some diacritical signs was dictated by the limitations of the computer.

As says Le Gros, cited by Buchanan (1), "Dans ce genre de travail il est presque impossible de ne pas faire d'erreurs. . ." Also, I would appreciate factual information concerning any errors or corrections for this list.

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